19.1: Flux Integrals

Calculus III

College of the Atlantic

1. Consider the vector field:

$$\vec{F} = 3\vec{i} - 4\vec{j} + 5\vec{k} \ . \tag{1}$$

Consider a cube with one corner at the origin. The length of each side of the cube is 2, extending in the positive direction. I.e., the coordinates of the corners are (0,0,0), (0,0),

- (a) Calculate the flux through the top of the cube.
- (b) Calculate the flux through the bottom of the cube.
- (c) Calculate the flux through the left of the cube.
- (d) Calculate the flux through the right of the cube.
- (e) Calculate the flux through the front of the cube.
- (f) Calculate the flux through the back of the cube.
- 2. Repeat the above question using the following field:

$$\vec{G} = z\vec{i} - 3\vec{j} + z\vec{k} . \tag{2}$$