## Chapter 5.1 Linear Algebra with applications to differential equations College of the Atlantic. Winter 2019

- 1. (Re)introduce yourself to your partners and briefly share anything noteworthy or exciting that's happening this weekend.
- 2. Consider the differential equation

$$y'' - 2y' + y = 0. (1)$$

- (a) Verify that  $y_1 = e^x$  and  $y_2 = xe^2$  are solutions to the differential equation.
- (b) Find the solution to the differential equation that has y(0) = 3 and y'(0) = 1.

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- 3. Compute the Wronskian of  $e^x$  and  $xe^x$ . Are the two functions linearly independent?
- 4. Let g(x) be some unspecified function, and let f(x) = kg(x), where k is a constant. Compute the Wronskian of f(x) and g(x). Are the two functions linearly independent?
- 5. Compute the Wronskian of  $e^{r_1x}$  and  $e^{r_2x}$ . Are the two functions linearly independent? What if  $r_1 = r_2$ ? What if  $r_1 = 0$ ?
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- 6. Find the general solution of 2y'' 7y' + 3y = 0.
- 7. Find the general solution of y'' + 2y' = 0.