Here are some problems for Wednesday/Thursday May 23/24, 2023. Aim to share solutions to one or two of the problems.

- 1. Prove that there do not exist three distinct numbers a, b, and c for which: a+b+c, ab, ac, bc, and abc are all equal.
- 2. Prove that if x and y are positive real numbers, then  $x + y \ge 2\sqrt{xy}$ .
- 3. Prove that there does not exist an  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  for which  $n^2 + n + 1$  is a perfect square.
- 4. Prove that if x and y are irrational, then x + y is also irrational.
- 5. Prove that if x is irrational, then x + y is also irrational.
- 6. Prove that  $\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ , such that  $x \neq y$ ,

$$\frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{x} \le 2.$$
 (1)

7. For all real numbers x, with 0 < x < 1, prove that

$$\frac{1}{x(1-x)} \le 4 . \tag{2}$$

- 8. Let a, b, c be positive real numbers. Prove that if ab = c, then  $a \leq \sqrt{c}$  or  $b \leq \sqrt{c}$ .
- 9. Suppose  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$  is a composite integer. Then n has a prime divisor less than or equal to  $\sqrt{n}$ .
- 10. Prove that  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  is irrational if and only if it has a different distance from each rational number.
- 11. Prove that  $S_n \notin \mathbb{Z}$  for all  $n \geq 2$ , where

$$S_n = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k} \,. \tag{3}$$

The last three problems look interesting and potentially challenging. If more than one group wants to give these a try, that's fine.