Interacting Einstein Solids

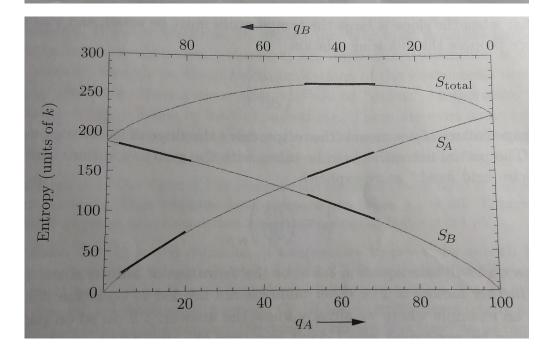
Thermodynamics

Spring 2021

College of the Atlantic.

q_A	Ω_A	S_A/k	q_B	Ω_B	S_B/k	Ω_{total}	$S_{\rm total}/k$
0	1	0	100	2.8×10^{81}	187.5	2.8×10^{81}	187.5
1	300	5.7	99	$9.3 imes 10^{80}$	186.4	2.8×10^{83}	192.1
2	45150	10.7	98	3.1×10^{80}	185.3	1.4×10^{85}	196.0
:	2: v.jo	:		he second h	10: 000	a data in and	:
. 11	5.3×10^{19}	45.4	89	$1.1 imes 10^{76}$. 175.1	5.9×10^{95}	220.5
12	1.4×10^{21}	48.7	88	3.4×10^{75}	173.9	4.7×10^{96}	222.6
13	3.3×10^{22}	51.9	87	1.0×10^{75}	172.7	3.5×10^{97}	224.6
		:	:	:	:	:	:
:	:	1 4		$3.1 imes 10^{46}$	107.0	6.8×10^{114}	264.4
59	2.2×10^{68}	157.4	41		107.0	6.9×10^{114}	264.4
60	1.3×10^{69}	159.1	40	5.3×10^{45}		6.8×10^{114}	264.4
61	7.7×10^{69}	160.9	39	8.8×10^{44}	103.5	0.8 × 10	204.4
	in an inclusion	tice: 14	2 11	enter : Idian	or o net		:
	:			inter i	0	1.7×10^{96}	221.6
100	1.7×10^{96}	221.6	0	1. Second	0	1 1.1 / 10	

Table 3.1. Macrostates, multiplicities, and entropies of a system of two Einstein solids, one with 300 oscillators and the other with 200, sharing a total of 100 units of energy.



Figures from Daniel V. Schroeder, Thermal Physics, Addison Wesley, 2000.